

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A device for processing recording device recording data recorded on an optical recording medium, comprising:

a pickup unit to detect a signal reflected from the optical recording medium, the optical recording medium including data formed in a the form of marked phase and an unmarked phase on a recording medium, a minimum length of the marked phase or unmarked phase being shorter than $3T - 2T$, T being a channel bit clock; and

a signal processor to process the signal output from the pickup unit, thereby to output a binary signal which includes data corresponding to the minimum length.

2. (Currently Amended) A recording medium comprising:-

a recording layer; and

data recorded in a marked phase and an unmarked phase on the recording layer,

wherein a minimum length of the marked phase is shorter than $3T$, T being a channel bit clock.

3. (Currently Amended) A The recording medium of claim 2, wherein the minimum length of the marked phase is $2T$.

4. (Cancelled)

5. (New) The device of claim 1, where the signal processor includes:

a signal detector to detect a high-frequency signal reproduced from the pickup unit, to convert the high-frequency signal into a binary signal by comparing the reproduced signal with a reference signal, and to output the binary signal;

a data converter to synchronize a reference clock with the binary signal from the signal detector and to restore the binary signal from the signal detector into a bit stream using the synchronized reference clock; and

a demodulator to restore the bit stream into original data.

6. (New) The device of claim 5, wherein the signal detector includes:

a comparator to compare the reproduced signal with at least two reference signals and to output a plurality of binary signals; and

a selector to select one of the plurality of binary signals.

7. (New) The device of claim 1, wherein the minimum length of the marked phase is 2T.

8. (New) A method for reproducing data recorded in an optical recording medium, comprising the steps of:

(a) converting a high-frequency signal reproduced from the optical recording medium into a binary signal by comparing the

reproduced signal with a reference signal, the high-frequency signal including a signal corresponding to a minimum length of mark or space, the minimum length of the mark or space being shorter than $3T$, T being a channel bit clock; and

(b) synchronizing a reference clock with the binary signal and restoring the binary signal into a bit stream using the synchronized reference clock.

9. (New) The method of claim 8, wherein the minimum length of the mark or space is $2T$ or is shorter than the radius of a beam spot.

10. (New) The method of claim 8, wherein the step (a) comprises the steps of:

(a1) comparing the reproduced signal with a plurality of reference signals and outputting a plurality of binary signals based on the comparison results; and

(a2) selecting one of the plurality of binary signals.